

[WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:]

1. A part ordering system comprising:

a collective-ordering means by which the user sends a collective order to a parts manufacturer based on the predicted demand quantity for a specified period;

a delivery means by which said parts manufacturer delivers the object parts of said collective order to said user at undetermined times according to the order from said user;

a judgment means of determining whether or not the total number of said parts delivered to said user by said parts manufacturer during said specified period of time when said user orders parts from said parts manufacturer is greater than said predicted demand quantity of said part collectively ordered by said user from said parts manufacturer; and

a buying means by which said user orders and buys just the amount of the remaining quantity given by the difference between said predicted demand quantity and said total quantity of parts from said parts manufacturer when it is determined by the judgment result of said judgment means that said total quantity is not greater than said predicted demand quantity.

2. The part ordering system of claim 1 further comprising:

a memory means of storing at least the sales account corresponding to said part, starting date and ending date for ordering said part, and sales accounts for other parts; and wherein

a specified mark is applied to said sales accounts stored in said memory means that correspond to said parts that will be the object of said collective order.

3. The part ordering system of claim 2 wherein

a specified mark is applied to said sales accounts stored in said memory means that correspond to said parts bought by said buying means.

4. The part ordering system of any of the claims 1 to 3 wherein

buying by said buying means is performed on the first day of the month, and the sales accounts that are the objects of buying are sales accounts whose processed month is the ending month, and sales accounts that have a inventory-buying flag attached.

5. The part ordering system of claim 1 wherein

when said judgment result of said judgment means determines that said total quantity

is greater than said predicted demand quantity, said part is removed from collective ordering and made the object of normal ordering.

6. A part ordering method comprising:

a collective-ordering step by which the user sends a collective order to a parts manufacturer based on the predicted demand quantity for a specified period;

a delivery step by which said parts manufacturer delivers the object parts of said collective order to said user at undetermined times according to the order from said user;

a judgment step of determining whether or not the total number of said parts delivered to said user by said parts manufacturer during said specified period of time when said user orders parts from said parts manufacturer is greater than said predicted demand quantity of said part collectively ordered by said user from said parts manufacturer; and

a buying step by which said user orders and buys just the amount of the remaining quantity given by the difference between said predicted demand quantity and said total quantity of parts from said parts manufacturer when it is determined by the judgment result of said judgment step that said total quantity is not greater than said predicted demand quantity.